The Earned Income Tax Credit

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House Tax Policy Committee

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Background I:

EITC began as a federal program, signed by President Gerald Ford in 1975.

Federal program expanded 1986, 1990, 1993.

Michigan is one of more than 20 states with a supplement to federal EITC.

Background II:

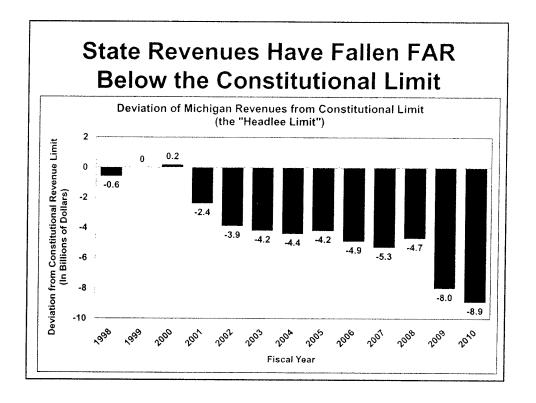
The last 30-40 years have seen a very large increase in income inequality, in Michigan and around the U.S.

Low-income wage earners have fared poorly. The EITC is one of the few developments that have helped the bottom half of Michigan households.

Background III:

The EITC is only a tiny part of the fiscal year 2012 budget deficit.

There are many other potential remedies to the deficit.



President Ronald Reagan (1986): The EITC is "the best anti-poverty, the best profamily, the best job-creation measure to come out of Congress."

The EITC is *not* an old-style welfare program. It is an earnings subsidy, targeted at low-income families with children.

Thus the EITC is a more effective anti-poverty program than the minimum wage.

In 2009, for the U.S. as a whole, the EITC is estimated to have lifted 6.6 million people out of poverty, including 3.3 million children.